

CREATING THE ECOLOGICAL NETWORKS MAP

Carolyn Steele

Dorset Environmental Records Centre

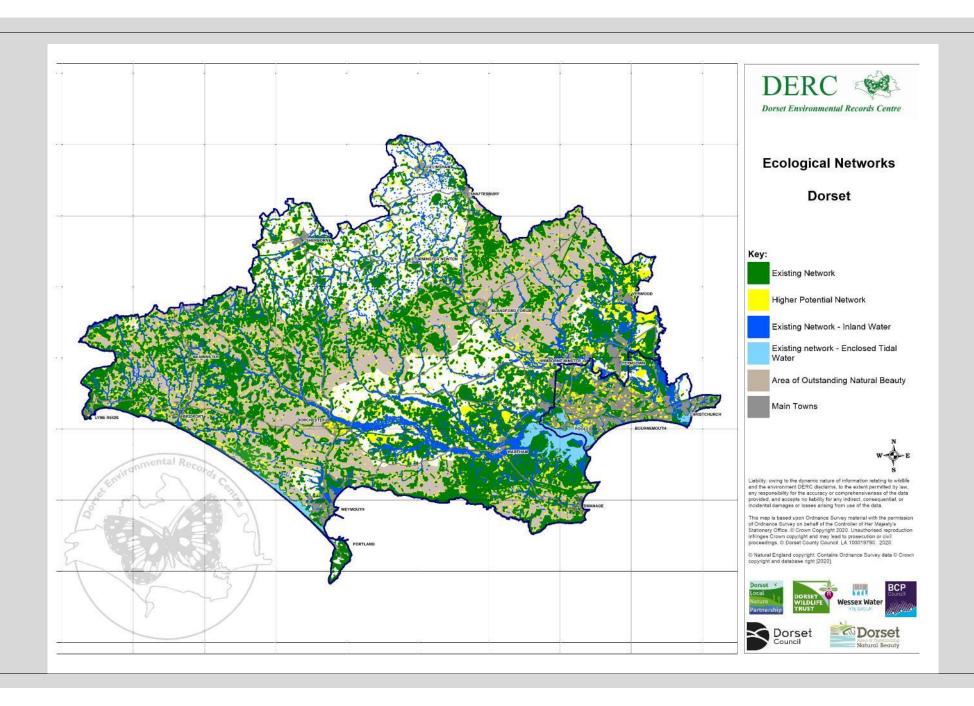
derc@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk



Ecological Networks - what are they for?

- Climate and ecological emergency
- The Lawton Review in 2010 concluded that our wildlife sites are generally too small and too isolated; we do not have a resilient ecological network that could respond to the challenges of climate change and other pressures
- What we need are more sites, bigger sites, better sites and more joined up

Dorset Ecological Networks mapping is a way to represent our current resource and help find a way forward.



rnational Sites National Sites	
Designated as of national importance.	
Marine Conservation Zone (MCZ)	
National Nature Reserve (NNR)	
Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) ^{3, 4}	



Local Sites

Recognised in Dorset as of county nature conservation value.

Churchyards in the Living Churchyard project

Local Community Nature Reserves (LCNR) (including existing SANGs and HIPs)

Local Geological Site (LGS)

Local Nature Reserve (LNR)

Nature Parks designated in Local Plans

Nature Reserves (including DWT, RSPB, BC, ARC)

Site of Nature Conservation Interest (SNCI)

The Great Heath (TGH)

Project sites

Veteran tree sites

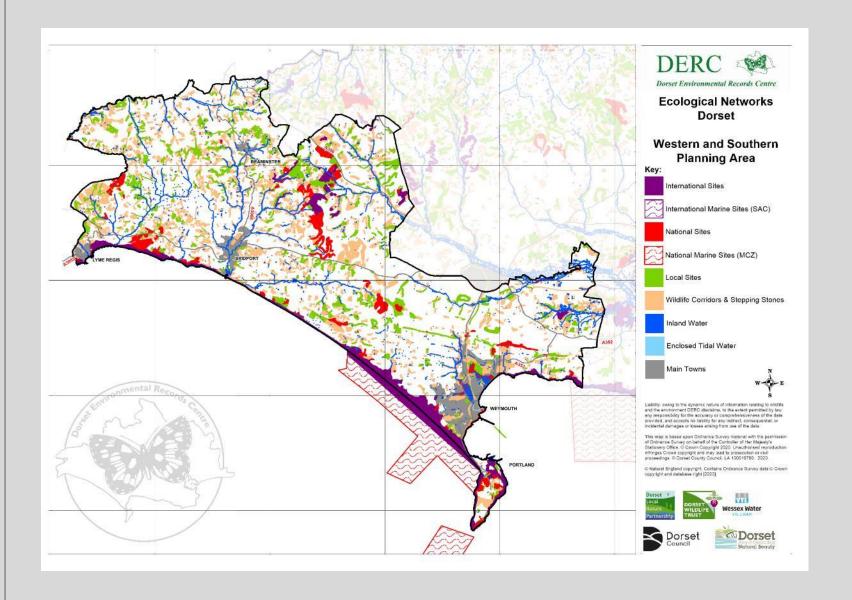


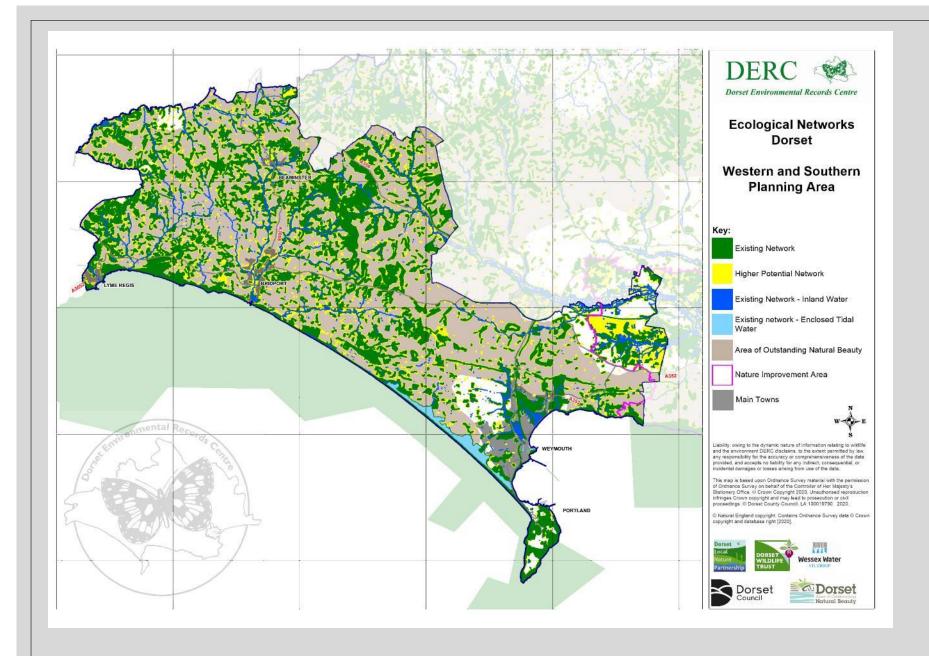
	Higher Potential Ecological			
Wildlife Corridors &	Network			
Stepping Stones				
Forming links between sites or through urban areas; small sites of wildlife value; areas of habitat restoration or creation.	Improvements to these areas would benefit or extend the existing network including areas with high potential for restoration.			
Ancient Semi-natural Woodland	Bournemouth Wildlife Sites survey (scoring 1-2)			
Bournemouth Wildlife Sites survey (scoring 3-5)	Dorchester ecological network sites (scoring 1-2)			
Dorchester ecological network sites (scoring 3)	Dorset Landscape Monitoring (2019) core area buffers (c40m) and stepping-stones			
Dorset Landscape Monitoring (2019) core areas	Indicative fluvial floodplain			
Habitat Restoration Sites (ponds with a 5m buffer)	Minerals sites before restoration begins			
Nature Parks established by local partnerships	Other open green spaces (e.g. playing fields)			
Trailways, railways and roads with good semi-natural habitat adjacent	Plantations on Ancient Woodland sites			
W&PBC – Wildlife Corridor &	Portland Quarry Nature Park			
Stepping Stones survey	(aspirational areas)			
	Proposed SANGs and HIPs			
	RSPB heathland potential areas (East Dorset)			
	Trailways and roads with poor/no			
	adjacent habitat			



Appendix 1: Sites included in the Dorset Ecological Network

Existing Ecological Network			Higher Potential Ecological	Additional Datasets	
International Sites	National Sites	Local Sites	Wildlife Corridors & Stepping Stones	Network	
Designated as of international importance.	Designated as of national importance.	Recognised in Dorset as of county nature conservation value.	Forming links between sites or through urban areas; small sites of wildlife value; areas of habitat restoration or creation.	Improvements to these areas would benefit or extend the existing network including areas with high potential for restoration.	May be shown on maps to complement existing network.
² Ramsar Sites ^{1,2}	Marine Conservation Zone (MCZ)	Churchyards in the Living Churchyard project	Ancient Semi-natural Woodland	Bournemouth Wildlife Sites survey (scoring 1-2)	Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB)
Special Area of Conservation (SAC) ^{1,}	National Nature Reserve (NNR)	Local Community Nature Reserves (LCNR) (including existing SANGs and HIPs)	Bournemouth Wildlife Sites survey (scoring 3-5)	Dorchester ecological network sites (scoring 1-2)	Wild Purbeck Nature Improvement Area (NIA)
Special Protection Area (SPA) ^{1,2}	Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) ^{3, 4}	Local Geological Site (LGS)	Dorchester ecological network sites (scoring 3)	Dorset Landscape Monitoring (2019) core area buffers (c40m) and stepping-stones	Water layer (rivers, ditches, ponds)
		Local Nature Reserve (LNR)	Dorset Landscape Monitoring (2019) core areas	Indicative fluvial floodplain	Enclosed tidal water
		Nature Parks designated in Local Plans	Habitat Restoration Sites (ponds with a 5m buffer)	Minerals sites before restoration begins	
		Nature Reserves (including DWT, RSPB, BC, ARC)	Nature Parks established by local partnerships	Other open green spaces (e.g. playing fields)	
		Site of Nature Conservation Interest (SNCI)	Trailways, railways and roads with good semi-natural habitat adjacent	Plantations on Ancient Woodland sites	
		The Great Heath (TGH) Project sites	W&PBC – Wildlife Corridor & Stepping Stones survey	Portland Quarry Nature Park (aspirational areas)	
		Veteran tree sites		Proposed SANGs and HIPs RSPB heathland potential areas (East	
				Dorset) Trailways and roads with poor/no adjacent habitat	





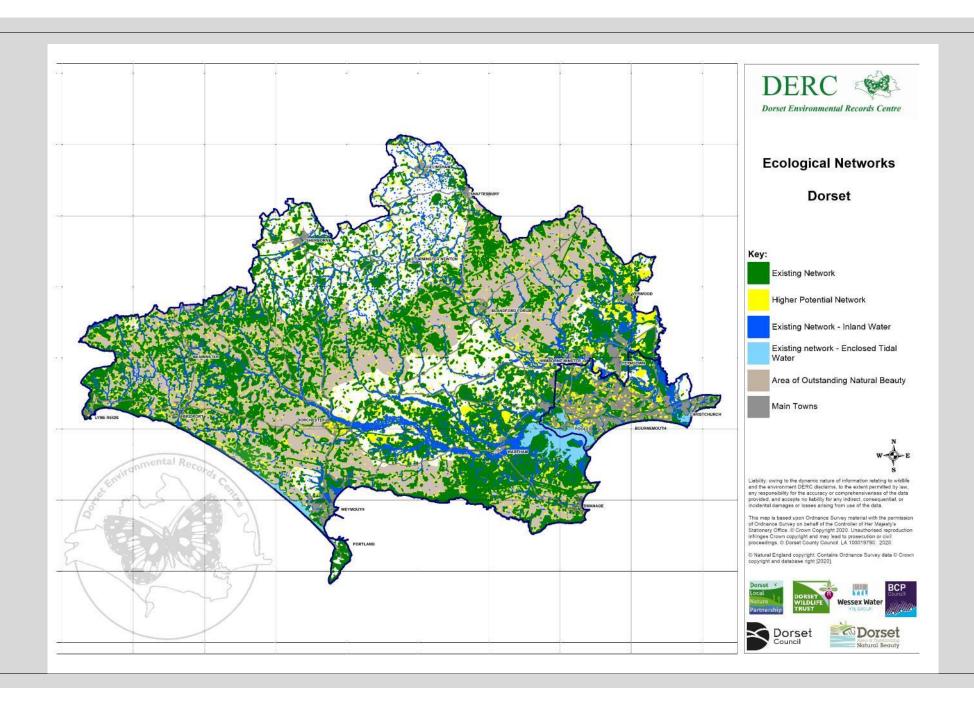
Additional Datasets

May be shown on maps to complement existing network.

Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) Wild Purbeck Nature Improvement Area (NIA)

Water layer (rivers, ditches, ponds)

Enclosed tidal water





Summary

- Mainly desktop exercise focused on sites and habitats
- There is a lot of data behind the final map
- There is a 'third layer' some biodiversity potential in most places
- Ecological Networks are publicly available on Dorset Explorer
- Networks provided to local authorities and conservation organisations
- The maps will continue to be amended and updated

Carolyn Steele

derc@dorsetcouncil.gov.uk